

Omni

Reduced carcinogens. Premium taste.

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premium ingredients.**

Omni cigarettes contain the following ingredients: Tobacco, Water, Sugars (Invert, Corn Syrup), Nitrate Ion, Propylene Glycol, Glycerine, Magnesium Ion, Chloride Ion, Palladium Metal, Palladium Ion, Natural and Artificial Flavors.

Tobacco

A substance which is smoked in cigarettes, pipes, etc., or which is sometimes chewed. It's prepared from the leaves of a Nicotiana species plant.

Water

Water is the simplest stable molecule formed from hydrogen and oxygen, H₂O.

Sugars(Invert, Corn Syrup)

Sugar is a common name given to the compound, sucrose. However, sugar can also contain other polysaccharides. The mixture that includes glucose and fructose is called invert sugar. It is the result of the hydrolysis of sucrose.

Nitrate Ion

The nitrate ion is an anion, which is a negative ion and represented by NO₃⁻¹. In the solid state, the nitrate ion would be part of a salt where it would exist with a positive ion. In this particular case, it is likely to exist as the magnesium salt.

Propylene Glycol

Propylene glycol is a substance used as a solvent, humectant, and for flavor.

Glycerin

Glycerin is the common name for the tri alcohol made from propane. It is also called glycerol or 1,2,3-trihydroxypropane. It can also be obtained from fats and oils as a byproduct in the manufacturing of soaps and oils. It has a sweet taste.

FAQs

Get answers to frequently asked questions about Omni cigarettes.

[Read more.](#)

Special Offers

Want to be eligible for our special offers?

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Electronic Postcard

Take a minute to send a postcard to smokers you care about.

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Magnesium Ion

The magnesium ion is a cation, which is positive and represented by Mg^{+2} . In the solid state it would exist with sufficient negative charged ions to form a neutral salt. In this case, it would likely exist as the nitrate salt.

Chloride Ion

The chloride ion is an anion, which is negative and represented by Cl^{-1} . In the solid state it would exist with positive ions to form a neutral salt. It is best known as the sodium salt, commonly called 'table' salt.

Palladium Metal

Palladium is one of the elements. It is one of a class of elements called the noble elements, which includes: palladium, platinum and gold. It is used in the microelectronics industry on specialized circuit boards, in the automobile industry as the catalyst in catalytic converters and as an additive to gold in gold crowns.

Palladium Ion

Palladium can exist in solution in two ionic forms, palladium plus 2 and palladium plus 4. In order to be soluble in water, most all elements must exist in an ionic form.

Natural and Artificial Flavors

Natural flavors are those that exist in nature and are isolated from their natural source. Peppermint is an example of a natural flavor. Artificial flavors could be simply a synthetic version of a natural flavor or a flavor created by the preparation of new compounds.

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SURGEON GENERAL'S WARNING: Smoking Causes Lung Cancer, Heart Disease, Emphysema, And May Complicate Pregnancy.

WARNING: Smoking is addictive and dangerous to your health. Reductions in carcinogens (PAHs, nitrosamines, and catechols) have NOT been proven to result in a safer cigarette. This product produces tar, carbon monoxide, and other harmful by-products.

OMNI Kings and 100's: 15 mg. "tar," 1.0 mg. nicotine; Lights Kings and 100's: 12 mg. "tar," 0.8 mg. nicotine;
Ultra Lights 100's: 6 mg. "tar," 0.5 mg. nicotine, ave. per cigarette by FTC Method.

Reductions in carcinogens are in comparison to similar competitive brand styles.